

Math 125 - Graphing Worksheet - LINES

Given an equation in standard form,  $Ax + By = C$ , we can graph it using many different approaches.

- (1) Make a table of points by arbitrarily choosing a value for  $x$  and solving for the corresponding  $y$ . If you choose to find the intercepts you do this by letting  $x = 0$  and solving for  $y$  which gives you the  $y$ -intercept, and then letting  $y = 0$  and solving for  $x$  which yields the  $x$ -intercept.  
...OR...
- (2) Solve for  $y$  to get "slope-intercept form" and make a table of points as above. Solving for  $y$  first is a bit of work, but it makes the process of making a table of points easier. It is a good idea to check one of the points you found in the ORIGINAL equation. ...OR...
- (3) Solve for  $y$  to get "slope-intercept form"  $y = mx + b$ . Plot the  $y$ -intercept,  $b$ , and use the slope,  $m$ , to "stair-step" to find other points on the line. This method works nicely when  $b$  is an integer. Again, check a point in the original equation.

EXAMPLE: Graph the line  $3X - 2Y = 4$  using each of the above approaches.

